#### Artemis Mk4

#### **Technical training**

Version mar 2008-e





#### **Brief system description**



Range bearing position system consists of two units

fix/ beacon at fixed point. Mobile at vessel

Continuous wave (CW) is used for locking, tracking, distance and azimuth measurement.

Mobile measure distance

Fix measure azimuth

Measurements used for absolute position or relative position

#### Operate the system

- Free line of sight?
- Correct frequency pair selected?
  Correct address code selected?





#### Tanker software (F)

 $\blacksquare$  <menu> <2> <4> <next> <2>  $\rightarrow$  F software.

<menu> <2> <1> "station code" (see list) Artemis is setup with address code, frequency pair and mode (Mk3 or Mk4).

"+100" station code for Mk4 mode.



#### CHL NETHERLANDS B.V.

Issue: c



ARTEMIS MK IV SOFTWARE VERSION F09A1A1 Automatic frequency, address code and configuration setting

FIX STATION OR BEACON LOCATION	STATION ADDRESS CODE MK IV	ADDRESS CODE MK IV	ADDRESS CODE MKIII-S	FREQ. PAIR	MOBILE FREQUENCY (MHz)	FIX/BEACON FREQUENCY (MHz)	CONFI- GURA- TION
	0	0	0	3	9270	9300	MK3
GULLF 1	1	1	11	3	9270	9300	MK3
GULLF 2	2	2	22	3	9270	9300	MK3
STAT 'A' SSV	3	3	33	3	9270	9300	MK3
STAT 'B' SSV	4	4	44	3	9270	9300	MK3
STAT 'C' SSV	5	5	55	3	9270	9300	MK3
	6	6	66	3	9270	9300	MK3
	7	7	77	3	9270	9300	MK3
	8	8	88	3	9270	9300	MK3
	9	9	99	3	9270	9300	MK3
STAT 'A' OLS 'A'	10	10	AA	0	9200	9230	MK3
STAT 'B' OLS 'B'	11	11	BB	2	9230	9200	MK4
SPM 'C'	12	12	CC	3	9270	9300	MK3
STAT 'C' OLS 'A'	13	13	DD	0	9200	9230	MK3
STAT 'A' OLS B	14	14	EE	2	9230	9200	MK4
STAT 'A' OLS 'A'	26	10	AA	0	9200	9230	MK3
SPM 'C'	28	12	CC	0	9200	9230	MK3
STAT 'C' OLS 'A'	29	13	DD	0	9200	9230	MK3
SPM 1	30	14	EE	0	9200	9230	MK3
SPM 2	31	15	FF	0	9200	9230	MK3





## Specification

Frequency band : 9.2 - 9.3GHz 4 Selectable frequency pairs Distance measurement 10-30Km 1 m standard deviation 0.1m resolution Azimuth measurement 0-360 degrees 0.02 degree standard deviation 0.001 degree resolution Supply voltage 24 VDC (16-40V), Station compatible with MKV and MKIII (When UCM installed)



#### Fix - Mob configuration

Azimuth, bearing and heading
heading=180-rel bearing+azm



#### **Beacon-Mob configuration**

# Bearing and heading Azm=Rel bearing+heading-180







#### Main functions

- Locking and tracking
  Distance measurement
  Azimuth measurement



# Locking & Tracking principle

Locking : finding signals counter antenna
 Tracking : following signals counter antenna
 Based on design of antenna:

#### SUM port

energy divided equally and in phase between 2 slotted waveguide parts

#### Dif port

Difference pattern: zero signal in broadside differing 180 deg. in phase

Servo detector creates error voltage (amplitude and polarity depends of incoming wave front)

#### Sum Diff pattern





#### Error correction voltage

Drives motor

Amplitude proportional of deviation incoming wave front

Polarity depend of direction incoming wave front (max 3 degrees)

ERVO DETECTOR

AZIMUTH



### Fault finding

X-tall currents HS and SB mode
Phase shifter: Deviation test



# Distance measurement principle

Time measurement between transmit and receive pulse

- S=(VxT)\2

Radar interference : filter & design antenna

Wobulator and averaging for better accuracy





#### Azimuth measurement



A 17 bits gray code optical encoder (accuracy 0.001 degrees) coupled to antenna shaft

 Serial message inputted to microprocesor input output module (MIO)
 MIO add offset for alignment.

#### Exercise 1

Remove and place back shaft encoder.
Align scanner to 0°



#### Communication

ABU-ABU FM
 ABU-EOP Multiplexed
 LCS Longs cable system coax



#### **Operational winks**

Operate page
 Operate mode
 Configuration
 Freq and address code
 Monitor
 Communication



#### Exercise 2

Configure the Artemis as Mobile. Frequency pair: 2 Address code: 16 Left scan sector 270°, Right scan sector 90° Per port: Baud rate in2400, out 2400, 8 N 2, telegram KA\_BCD(ADB) Host port: 4800 8 N 1 Volume: 0

Operate mode: Hand search



#### Exercise 3

Configure the Artemis as fix station
 Frequency pair: 3
 Address code: 24
 Left scan sector: 280°, right scan sector 100°
 Operate mode: Auto search



#### ABU block diagram



#### "Moving parts"

Main gearbox
 Sub gearbox
 Slip coupling
 Servo motor
 Brushless motor



#### Exercise 3

Remove motor assembly.

Remove gearbox from motor assembly.



#### Waveguide parts

- Rotary joint
- **Circulator**
- Attenuator and modulator (pin diode)
- Isolator
- Double direction coupler
- Phase shifter



#### IF Preamplifier (IPA)

- Sum and Dif part
- Mixes incoming freq. with LO resulted in a 30MHz freq.
- X-tal currents







### DC1

Converts 24VDC into +12 & -12VDC
 Green led OK
 Red led current exceeds 2A



#### DC2

Converts 24VDC into 5.1 & 10.5VDC
 Green led OK
 Red led current exceeds 2A



## UCM

 Universal Compatibility Module
 Makes MK4 compatible with MK3
 Address and Azimuth transmission with MK4 digital
 Address And Azimuth transmission

with MK3 by means of tones.



#### MMS

- Modem Multiplexer Supply module
- Supply control
- Communication ABU-ABU
- **Communication ABU-EOP**



### Supply control

- On/off control
- Reverse polarity protection
  Over-under voltage protection
  Supply voltage sensing



## Communication

 Modem circuit AM modulates communication data
 Modulated data is FM modulated at varactor diode of freq source by varactor driver

Communication to EOP by means of multipexer

Host, PER, AUX, speech, keyboard, display and sync. Channel

On/off separated channel





#### Replace MMS

- Power on/off
  Communication EOP
  No FM
- Led of on/off switch not lid



## MIO

- Microprocessor and I/O module
- Runs program
- Encoder data conversion
- Distance count and control circuit
- **DA** conversion
- AD conversion
- Serial communication





#### Good to know

E-software, F-software, G-software Eeprom Gearbox correction curve **IRQ** led Init button Backup batteries Generation host aux en per telegram



### **Replace MIO**

No communication with EOP On/off control Telegram error Monitor values Distance Azimuth/ bearing Tuning and/or freq. control



## IFD

IF and Distance module Amplification sum and dif Measurement of signal strength **Demodulation communication** Tracking Distance pulses modulation and demodulation Frequency control Attenuation control







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#### Replace IFD

No tracking No lock No communication with EOP Distance measurement fails Signal level not OK Frequency control Be aware of distance calibration and polarity!!



#### BMD

Brushless motor driver
 Drives motor
 Filter against oscillating scanner



#### SDF

Servo driver filter
 Drives servo motor
 Old type
 No filter



#### RCG

- Remote controlled gunn
- Consists of motor potentiometer and gunn source
- Gunn source: gunn diode and varactor



#### Frequency control RCG





#### Frequency control





#### EOP

External operate panel
Output ports
Link for VDI



#### 11.2 Peripheral Port

The PERIPHERAL port outputs the Artemis position data, distance and azimuth, autonomously. Currently, there is a choice of six output formats. The PERIPHERAL port can also accept data from external devices like a gyro compass. The PERIPHERAL port can either be wired for RS232C/RS423A or 20 mA current loop.

The data send and receive baudrate can be set to 50, 110, 134, 200, 300, 600, 1050, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200 or 9600. The number of data bits can be set to 7 or 8 (odd, even or no parity). The number of stop bits can be set to 1 or 2. To set these values, select display page 252 (PER. CONNECTION) on the Extended Operating Panel.

#### 11.2.1 Electrical Connection

Figure 11-5 gives the pin lay-out and pin assignment of the PER (peripheral) in/out port. The connector required is HRS type RM12BPG-4P or equivalent. The maximum cable length for RS232C is 15 metres, for RS423A 400 metres, and for 20 mA current loop 300 metres.



PIN	RS232C/RS423A	20 mA CURRENT LOOP
1	GROUND	IN +
2	RECEIVE DATA	OUT +
3	TRANSMIT DATA	OUT -
4	RECEIVE GROUND	IN -

Fig. 11-5: Pin Lay-out and Pin Assignment Peripheral Socket

#### 11.2.2 Selection RS232C (RS423A) / 20 mA Current Loop

The peripheral port is by default wired for RS232C/RS423A. The procedure to wire the port for either RS232C/RS423A or 20 mA current loop is described below:

- 1) Unscrew and remove the sides of the EOP
- 2) Carefully lift the top of the EOP
- Connect the connector of the cable originating from the PER socket to P113 for RS232C/RS423A and to P116 for 20 mA current loop (see figure 11-6)
- 4) Position jumper I2 according figure 11-6

5) Reassemble the EOP.

Note: The current loop is to be driven by the peripheral device connected.



#### BOP

# Basic operate panel Only to be used with FIX



#### LCS

Long cable system

Transfers Artemis signals into a coaxial

signal to overcome longer distance

LCA-E bridge end

LCA-A ABU end

Volume set to 5 or lower





## VDI

Video data interface
Artemis display data shown on display



#### Heating

Heating device
Slip ring
Antenna 10 ohm
Sensor 740 ohm





#### Monitor page

X-tal currents
Tuning
Servo
Voltages
Actual frequency



#### Maintenance

Connectors
 Water ingress
 Visual antenna
 O-ring
 SRU



